

The Daily Gazetteer.

Nov. 1061

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28. 1738.

91: 1070.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from Holland.

Naples, Oct. 27. O. S.



It was all along believed, that the Cavities of Mount Vesuvius, near this City, were impracticable, till the other Day, when the King of Poland's Master of the Horse, and his Chamberlain, the Counts de Castillar and Bruhl, together with several Gentlemen of the Prince Royal's Court, &c. resolved to enter them thro' the Orifice of the Mountain, and descended to the bottom, to which some of them let themselves down by Ropes, and others slid down by the Ashes, holding all the Way by the Ropes. They all Report, that the Orifice is near 1-4th of a Mile in Compass; that there was an Area at the Bottom wide enough to draw up an Army in Battalia; and that from several Parts of it there arose a Smoak, resembling that of the Sulphur Mines near Puzzuolo. They all came out again by climbing up a Crevice which they discovered among the Rocks. Never could be a better Opportunity than they had to make this subterraneous Visit, because since the Eruption of the Mountain, which happened last Year, it has cast forth neither Fire nor Smoak.

Rome, Nov. 8. O. S. As the Ottoman Porte insists that the Treaty of Carlowitz be the Basis of a Treaty for Peace, and the Imperial Court insists that the late Treaty of Passarowitz shall be the Basis, there's no Appearance of renewing the Negotiations; therefore Yesterday the Emperor met the States of Austria with the usual Formalities, when the Great Chancellor, the Count de Sintzendorf, delivered his Majesty's Demands to them, and made the following speech.

'The Emperor is very glad to see his Loyal States at this time assembled; tho' his Majesty is sorry for the Occasion of calling them together; because, instead of giving them a View of a Peace that was expected to be near at Hand, he is obliged to acquaint them, that notwithstanding all the Endeavours and Motions made for that End, there is no Possibility of obtaining that desirable Work, but by completing, without Loss of Time, and furnishing with all Necessaries, an Army weaken'd by various Accidents; an Army which has, upon every Occasion, fought with so much Courage, and gain'd Victories, under the wife and heroic Conduct of its Commander.

'In pursuance hereof, his Imperial Majesty has given Orders for laying these Demands herewith delivered, before his most Loyal States: And his Majesty hopes, from that Fidelity which is so natural to them, and from their Zeal, of which they have given so many Proofs, that they will for this once, have the present Juncture of Affairs the more at Heart, because the Points in View are to humble the Pride of the Enemy of Christendom; to defend the Hereditary Kingdoms and States, as well as the dear Germanic Empire, and at last to obtain an honourable and durable Peace.'

The Count de Harrach, Marshall of the States, answered to this Effect: 'That the States are fully convinced, that for obtaining a Peace with the haughty and common Enemy, 'tis not only necessary to complete the Emperor's Forces, but even, if possible, to augment them; and that tho' this must be attended with extraordinary Expences, the most Loyal States will immediately take his Majesty's Demands into Consideration, and make all the Efforts possible, &c.'

Venna, Nov. 11. O. S. We are assured that the Treaty of Peace betwixt this Court and that of France, which has been so long talk'd of, was sign'd two Days ago by the Emperor's Ministers and the Marquis de Mirepoix the Ambassador of France; and 'tis not doubted but the King of Sardinia will accede to it forthwith; but 'tis not known yet on what Footing the Affair stands with regard to Spain; but 'tis hoped the Negotiation which is on foot upon that Account, will have the desired Success, and that the Peace will shortly be proclaim'd with the usual Formalities.

The Emperor's Chamber of Finances is actually in Treaty with several Bankers of this City, for remitting 364,775 Dutch Florins to Amsterdam; 90,000 German Florins to Antwerp, and 8750 l. Sterling to London; which Sums, 'tis said, are to be apply'd for paying off the Principal which his Imperial Majesty has caused to be negociated in England, Holland, and the Austrian Netherlands. The Court has sent a Caution to all the Bookfellers of this City, not to publish a Paper lately printed at Amsterdam, intitled, *Considerations on the imminent Danger that would be the Consequence, if the Austrian Netherlands and Luxembourg should fall into the Hands of France*. 'Tis reported, that if the Elector of Bavaria should furnish the Emperor with 8 or 10,000 Men more for the Service of next Campaign in Hungary, his Imperial Majesty will abandon to that Prince certain Territories on the Frontiers of Austria to which the Elector lays a Claim.

Petersburg, Nov. 1. O. S. 'Tis confirm'd by a Messenger arrived at Court from the Count de Munich, that the Baron de Stoffeln caused the Forts of Oczakow and Kimburn to be demolished before the Enemy had the least Suspicion of his Design to abandon them, and that he arrived safe with the Garisons on the Frontiers of the Ukraïn; but whether he had Time to bring off the Artillery, is not known.

Hamburg, Nov. 17. O. S. Some new Disputes seem to be gathering betwixt the Regency of this City and the Court of Denmark; upon which Account, 'tis supposed, that certain Carriages have been arrested in the Bailiwick of Pinneberg, that were coming hither from Altena: But, 'tis hop'd, that whatever are the Differences, they will be accommodated amicably, according to the XIth Article of the Convention which the Regency concluded in 1736, with the Court of Denmark. The Use of Premiums in Commerce, has been lately prohibited here by an Edict from the Magistrates. M. Brugier, an eminent Banker of this City, has been charged by the Court of France, to remit a considerable Sum of Money to Stockholm, for discharging the first Payment of the Subsidies which that Court is engaged in to that of Sweden.

Madrid, Oct. 31. O. S. The Ship nam'd, *The City of Amsterdam*, which is bor'd for 110 Guns, and which the King caused to be bought some time ago in Holland, is just arrived at Cadiz; from whence we hear, that Captain Hocutt, Commander of a Dutch Man of War, has ransom'd 19 Dutch Slaves at Saphia, on the Barbary Coast, for each of whom he paid 430 Pieces of Eight, and afterwards put them on board his Ship.

Paris, Nov. 17. O. S. The Emperor's Ambassador, the Prince de Lichtenstein, who is treated at this Court with great Marks of Distinction, and commonly plays with the King, after Supper, won so considerable a Sum of his Majesty the other Day at Lansquenet, as is said to amount to 12 or 1300,000 Livres; but the King, who was observed to be in extreme good Humour all the Time, said to him, *That it was but reasonable that Fortune should throw him back Part of the Money which he so generously expended in France*.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Nov. 21. Early this Morning a Fire broke out in Millar's Land, on the West Side of the Kirk-gate of South Leith; upon the first Notice, two of the Magistrates of this City (Baillies Hamilton and Baird) went down with the Fire Engines, Fire-Masters and Servants, and City Guard, and by the prudent Orders and Conduct of the Magistrates, the Flames were happily conquer'd in about three Hours, with the Loss of the Upper Storey and Garrets; a Carpenter was miserably crush'd, and a Joiner's Servant of this City, falling from a Ladder, had his Back broke, and one of his Thighs.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Bristol, Nov. 16. Thursday se'nnight at Night, Safford Lock, belonging to the Navigation between this City and Bath, was almost destroy'd by Persons unknown; who not only cut off the Swing-Beams and Lashes, but blew out one of the Gates. The Persons concerned in this Villainy left two Papers

behind them, signifying, 'That what they had now done was nothing; the Damage was to come: That at present they assembled but in a small Body; but, when they came again, they would be 1000 strong: That if a Bit of Coal was carried up the River for the future, they would destroy all the Locks; for that they had as good be hanged, as they and their Families to starve, &c.' Who they are, may easily be judged, by the Contents of the Papers they left, as well as by seven of them being seen on Monday last viewing Twerton Lock, pointing to each other, as supposed, the proper Conveniences for executing their intended Purpose on that Lock. The Damage already done, amounts at least to 100 l.

Norwich, Nov. 25. Yesterday Morning at Eight o'Clock, the Right Hon. Sir Charles Turner of Warham in this County, Kt. and Barr. one of the Tellers of the Exchequer, and Member of Parliament for King's-Lynn, departed this Life at Houghton-Hall in Norfolk. He was seemingly in good Health over Night, and died of an Apoplectick Fit next Morning, as his Gentleman was dressing him. His Affability and Generosity gain'd him a General Esteem amongst all Sorts of People, and his Death will be universally regretted by all who had the Happiness of his Acquaintance. He had represented the aforesaid Borough in Eleven Parliament, so that he was one of the oldest Members of the House of Commons. He was a Commissioner of Trade, and one of the Lords of the Admiralty in the Reign of Queen Anne, and in the late and present Reigns one of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, and in 1727 he was created a Baronet. He married to his first Lady (in 1689) Mary, the late Sister of the Right Hon. Sir Robert Walpole, by whom he had two Sons and four Daughters: And to his second Lady, he married Mary, Sister to Sir Charles Blois of Grundsburgh in Suffolk, Kt. and Relict of Sir Nevil Catelny of Kirby Cane in Norfolk, Kt.

This Week two noted Smugglers were taken and committed to Ipswich Gaol, ag inst both of whom there was an Information for going about with Fire Arms on the Coast of Norfolk. One of them is John Pixley, who formerly made his Escape out of Court when he was brought thither for Trial, and was now much cut and hack'd by the Soldiers before ye would submit. The other is Henry Clark, who was tried the last Assizes at Bury, (but acquitted) for the Murder of Cam the Dragoon near Hadleigh.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Elfsleur, Nov. 29. Since my last, the following Matters have arrived, viz. On the —, Strickland Hill, from Petersburg; Thomas Foster, from Narva, both for London: On the 29th, Andrew Crawford, and William Chambers, both from Stockholm for Greenock; and Thomas Sporne, from Copenhagen for Norway.

'The most Part of the outward bound are sail'd with the Wind at S. W. if turns more Southward, the rest designs to sail this Night.

HOME PORTS.

Leith, Nov. 19. Arrived the Christian, Alexander Crawford, from London; and the —, Lyon, from ditto.

Bristol, Nov. 25. Thursday arrived the Biddesford, Finny, from Jamaica in 12 Weeks; and Yesterday the Seaflower, Ishworthy, in 8 Weeks from Carolina. 'Which last Ship brought here Capt Henry Jefferies, and several of the Crew of the Crown, bound from Jamaica to London, which was lately lost on the Maritimes in the Gulf of Mexico.' Arrived at Jamaica, the Prince William, Fowler; and the Mermaid, Lavers, from hence; the Bristol Merchant, Rowles; and the Clifton, Fox, from Africa. At Alicante, the Malaga, Fishurst, from hence. At Oporto, the Speedwell, Duffey, from Boston. At Antigua, the Pembroke, Greck, from hence. At Carolina, the Hawkins, Cole, from Cape de Verd Islands.

Falmouth, Nov. 23. Yesterday arrived the Expedition Packet, Clies, in 8 Days from Lisbon; the Mermaid, Morlarty; from London for St. Sebastians; the Leghorn, Brock, from ditto for Gibraltar; the Success,



Lewis, from Southampton for Nantz. Sailed all the outward bound. Remain the Prince Frederick and Hanover Packets for Lisbon, and the Townsend Packet for the Groyne.

Dartmouth, Nov. 24. The 21st Instant arrived here the Peter and Mary of London, Prince, from Newfoundland; the Marcella, Summers, of this Place from ditto; and the Prince of Orange, Deverton, of London, from ditto; and Yesterday the Richard, Tapley, of Timgmouth; and the Betty, Cooper, of this Place, both from ditto. Yesterday sailed the Dobree, Dobree, of and for Guernsey from Salo; the San Francisco Xavier, De Ygareda, from Bilbao for Amsterdam; the Eagle, Hall, of and for Pool from Bilbao; the Betty, Rowe, of and from Biddeford for Rotterdam; and the Christianity, Christman, of and for Gottenburg from St. Ubes. Wind S. S. W.

Peal, Nov. 25. Passed by the James and Ann of this Port, Thompson, from Xijon for London. Came in the Plymouth, Ollive, from Viana; the Eagle, Hall, from Bilbao; the Charles, Punter, from Dublin; the John and James, Cartridge, from Guernsey; the Bolton of Stockton, Whalton, from Denia; the Benjamin, Taverner, from Rio Roxo; the John, Taylor; the Silvia, Croucher; the Increase, Hart; the Hooper, Hooper; the Samuel and Dove, Elms, all from Newfoundland.

Southampton, Nov. 25. Since my last, sailed from this Port the Reunion, Delamare, of and for Cherburgh; the Elizabeth, Le Gros; and the Kingfisher, Luce, both of and for Jersey from London. Wind S.

Portsmouth, Nov. 26. Since my last, came in the Bonetta, Cobby, from Rouen; the Furl, Ayling, from Dublin; and the Prince William, Burford, from Malaga. The Beginning of the Week was paid off the Lively Man of War, the Honourable Capt. Legg, who is going to Plymouth in his Majesty's Ship the Dursley, Capt. Smith, to take Possession of the Tarter, appointed for his Command. On Thursday last was reduced to her lowest Complement, his Majesty's Ship the Augusta, Captain Byng, when the reduced Men were paid off at Spithead. Last Night came to Spithead, his Majesty's Ship the Deal Castle, Captain West, from Ireland. Remain at Spithead his Majesty's Ships the Augusta, Dursley, Shoreham, Seahorse and Deal Castle.

Deal, Nov. 26. Wind S. by W. The Ships as in my last reman. Arrived the Unity, Dalton, from Antigua; the Sheldon, Bird; the Mary, Oliver; and the Dawkins, Crawford, from Jamaica; the Henry and Elizabeth, Servant, from Alicant; the Harrison, Bolling, from Virginia; the Fame, Wall, from Maryland. The Wind hath blown very hard for two Days past; a great many Ships have arrived and sailed for the River, that we could not get their Names.

Gravesend, Nov. 26. Passed by the Mary, Gilby, from Calais; the John and Mary, Borley, from Seville; the Richard, Flavia, from Oporto; the Lovely Peggy, Gould, from Oporto; the Mercury, Tomlinson, and the Mercury, Toone, from Antigua; the Charming Sukey, Finch, from Maryland; the Charming Sukey, Allison, from Salo; the Expedition, Sampson, from Calais; the Aaron, Hughs, from Montserrat; the Armstrong, Armstrong, from Jamaica; the South River Merchant, Hall, from Maryland; the Petersburg, Nanum, from Leghorn; the Britannia, Fones, from New England; the Duke of Cumberland, Hopkins, from Maryland; the George and Mary, Richardson, from Jamaica; the Falcon, Young, from Guiney and Virginia.

Arrived at several Ports, The St. Christopher, Serain; and the Two Brothers, Revett, from Port Orient, in the River Seine.

The Post of Amsterdam, Otter, from Port Orient at Amsterdam.

The Betty, Taverner, from London at Antigua.

L O N D O N

Letters by the Dutch Mail from Vienna say, that General Diemar, who made the last Campaign in quality of a Volunteer, has desired his Dismission, the King of Sweden, whom he always attended in the War for the Spanish Succession, desiring to have him in his Service; but that he was told, the Emperor had too much Need of good Generals to spare him.

The Hercules, bound to the West Indies, fully laden, and just ready to sail from Rochelle, was lately burnt in that Harbour; 'tis said the Ship and Cargo were valued at about 15,000 l. Sterl.

The Lambfort, bound from Gallway for Norway, is lost in Norway.

Yesterday Mr. John Thresher was chosen Surveyor of Rumford Division; the Numbers on the Poll being, For Mr. Thresher 129 Mr. Miller 99.

Last Saturday his Majesty's Grant passed the Great Seal to Mr. John Baskett (Printer to his Majesty) of the Office of Bookseller, Bookbinder and Stationer, to the Hon. House of Commons, to hold the same to him, his Heirs, &c. for the Term of 40 Years, with all the Rights, Profits and Advantages thereunto belonging.

Yesterday Morning William Howard of Totness in the County of Devon, Esq; was married at St. George's Church, Hanover Square, to Miss Godfrey, only Daughter of Cecil Godfrey of Denbigh, Esq; a young Lady of great Beauty, Merit, and a Fortune of 8000 l. down.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Halifax is greatly Indisposed at his House in Westminster.

We hear that Horace Walpole, Esq; youngest Son of the Right Hon. Sir Robert Walpole, will be chosen, without Opposition, Member of Parliament for Lynn, in the County of Norfolk, in the room of Sir Charles Turner, deceased.

We hear that his Grace the Duke of Marlborough will be made Knight of the most Noble Order of the Garter, in the room of the late Lord Viscount Townshend.

On Saturday next the Right Rev. Dr. Butler, is to be confirmed as Bishop of Bristol at Bow Church, with the usual Ceremony.

And the Day following he is to be consecrated at Lambeth by his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	66 10	60 43

Bank Stock 142 3-4ths	India 173 1-half
South Sea 103 7-8ths	Old Annuity 111 7-8ths
New ditto 111 7-8ths	Three per Cent. 105 1-4th
Seven per Cent. Loan 112 1-half	Five per Cent. ditto 101 1-4th
Royal Assurance 108	London Assurance 13 3-4ths to 7-8ths
African 14	India Bonds 61 16s
Prem. South Sea ditto 24 13s	Prem. Bank Circulation 11 10s
Prem. Salt Tallow 1-half to 2 1-half	Premium. English Copper 31 5s
Welsh ditto 15s	Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 1-4th per Cent. Premium.
Three per Cent. ditto 3 4ths per Cent. Premium.	Million Bank 122.

Westminster-Bridge-Office, November 15, 1738. **NOTICE** is hereby given, That the Commissioners appointed for building a Bridge from the City of Westminster, to the opposite Shore in the County of Surry, are to meet at their Office in Duke-street, Westminster, on Wednesday the 29th Instant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon.

To be Lett, and Enter'd upon immediately, A Very good Oil-Mill, with a Stove, a large Copper, a good scowering Place, Pits, and other Conveniences adjoining thereupon, which are proper and fitting for the Business of an Oil Leather Dresser, now in the Possession of Alexander Fowlerton, Oil Leather Dresser in Richmond in Yorkshire (who designs to leave off the said Business) Any Person that has a Mind to treat about the same, may apply to the said Mr. Fowlerton at Richmond aforesaid, or to Mr. John Kay, or to Mr. Edmund Robinson, both of Richmond aforesaid.

N. B. There is not any Person of the same Business within 20 Miles of the Place; and the said Mill and other Premises are in very good Repair, and well water'd, and the said Mr. Fowlerton has 21 Years to come in his Lease.

This Day is publish'd, [Price Two SHILLINGS, Sewed] AN Examination of Mr. POPE's ESSAY ON MAN. Translated from the French of M. CROUSNER, Member of the Royal Academies of Sciences at Paris and Bourdeaux, and Professor of Philosophy and Mathematics at Lunfanne. Printed for A. DODD, at the Peacock without Temple-Bar; and to be had at the Bookellers.

This Day is published, (Price Four Shillings in Sheets) THE History of the British Plantations in America. With a Chronological Account of what remarkable Things happened to the first Adventurers in their several Discoveries of that New World. Part I. Containing the History of VIRGINIA; with Remarks on the Trade and Commerce of that Colony. By Sir WILLIAM KIE TH, Bart. Printed at the Expence of the SOCIETY for the Encouragement of Learning, by S. RICHARDSON; and sold by A. MILLAR, at Buchanan's Head, in the Strand; J. Nourse, at Temple-Bar; and J. Gray, in the Poultry, Bookellers to the Society.

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A Very large and curious Parcel of the best Old JAMAICA RUM, at 6 s. d. 4 per Gallon; CONIAC BRANDY, 7 s. d. BATAVIA ARRACK, 11 s. d. All which the Proprietors do warrant entirely new and genuine.

The most Delightful Fragrant TINCTURE for the Breath, Teeth and Gums.

AT once using makes the BREATH most charmingly fine, sweet, and pleasant, the Teeth perfectly white, clean and beautiful, and is the most certain Cure for the SCURVY in the Gums in the World. It infallibly preserves the Breath, Teeth and Gums in the utmost Beauty and Perfection, if they are no Ways disorder'd; and if they are, immediately rectifies all their Defects; in the same Minute it is used it makes the most offensive Breath smell incomparably fine and charming, and in a short Time effectually cures, that disagreeable Breath will not return. It instantly makes the blackest and most foul Teeth extremely white and delicately beautiful; infallibly preserves them from decaying, and those a little decay'd from becoming worse; absolutely cures the SCURVY in the Gums, be it ever inveterate, causing the Flesh to grow up to the Teeth, when almost eaten quite away, and affords a safe and sure Teeth to Admiration. It is to be used but a few Drops at a Time, is exceeding pleasant, and leaves a very grateful and delectable Flavour in the Mouth.

In a Word, for most delightfully performing, and quickly curing an ill-scented Breath, for immediately making the blackest Teeth most excellently white, certainly fastening them when loose, effectually preserving them from rotting or decaying, and infallibly curing the SCURVY in the Gums, it is not its Equal in the Universe, as all the Quality and principal Gentry, who use it acknowledge.

It is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Red and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand at 3 s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

Concerning Gleet and Seminal Weakness of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleet and Seminal Weakness, whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollution, &c. or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain, since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infect the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectic Fevers, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption, which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such, therefore, who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old or Stubborn Gleet, Seminal Effusions, involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabeta, or Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe, and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTUARY, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years been experience'd never once to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleet known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels, and Urinary Passages, which almost instantly cures, brings to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTUARY is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels to an immense Degree, inasmuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleet or Seminal Weakness of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will most agreeably be surpris'd at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleet and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been tried in vain; too much cannot be said in it, and all who ever took it for any of the above-mentioned Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6 s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with, succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is intirely eradicated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of BALSAMICK ELECTUARY.